

# THE COLUMBIAN FOUNTAIN

Pledged to the cause of Temperance.

DAILY.

Containing  
calculated

Articles, original and selected, on every subject  
to interest, instruct, and benefit its readers.

Volume I.

EDITED AND

PUBLISHED BY ULYSSES WARD.

Number 55.

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1846.

## THE COLUMBIAN FOUNTAIN,

EDITED AND PUBLISHED DAILY

BY ULYSSES WARD.

At One Cent per Number.

Office on Pennsylvania avenue, a few  
doors East of the Railroad.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

1 square of 14 lines, 1 insertion 37 cts.  
1 do " " 2 insertions 62 "  
1 do " " 3 " 75 "  
1 " 3 times per week for three  
months (with the privilege of  
changing when necessary) \$3 75  
1 line 1 insertion 6 cts.  
For every subsequent insertion 3 "  
Business cards of 5 lines for 3 times  
per week for three months \$1 00  
For one year 3 00  
Payable invariably in advance.

Printing of every description neatly  
executed: such as Books, Pamphlets, Cir-  
culars, Cards, Handbills, etc., on as  
good terms as at any other office.

To the friends of Temperance and the  
public generally we now make our appeal  
in behalf of this paper. The publisher  
feeling it a matter of importance to the in-  
terest of the Temperance cause in the Dis-  
trict, as well as the general interest of the  
cause, and having been, as he conceives,  
Providentially placed in a situation at this  
time when he can mingle this interest with  
that of the business men, and thereby ren-  
der a double service to the community, and  
still further open a medium of communica-  
tion by which our principles may be ex-  
tended far and wide, at a cheap rate. He  
has purchased a printing establishment, so  
as not only to be able to put a daily paper  
regularly to press, but also a weekly; and  
still further, be able to do any other print-  
ing the public may be pleased to have done;  
and he assures them that they shall have  
no cause of complaint. He has made ar-  
rangements by which he can devote his  
time to the interest of the office and the pa-  
per; and, having employed Mr. Charles W.  
Fenton, who will be always on the spot, to  
conduct the printing, he has no doubt but  
that general satisfaction will be given. We  
shall make arrangements to have the earliest  
news; also the proceedings of Congress.

We wish all who are indebted for the pa-  
per up to this time to pay up, as the affairs  
of the tri-weekly must be closed. They  
will perceive that we are about to give  
them a better paper, double the number, at  
the same price.

While the "COLUMBIAN FOUNTAIN" will  
be devoted to the cause of Temperance, its  
columns will be enriched by original articles  
on subjects calculated to interest, instruct,  
and benefit its readers. It is intended so to  
blend variety, amusement, and instruction,  
as that the various tastes of its patrons may  
be (as far as it is practicable) gratified.  
Commerce, Literature, and Science, and  
every other subject of interest, not inconsis-  
tent with Temperance and morality, will re-  
ceive the earnest attention of the publishers.  
Nothing of a sectarian, political, or personal  
character will be admitted.

### A CARD.

THE subscriber begs leave to say to members  
of Congress and others, that he has several  
good rooms which he will let on accommodating  
terms, either furnished or unfurnished, located on  
the South side of Pennsylvania avenue, between  
9th and 10th streets, and equidistant between the  
Capitol and the public offices. I have also two of  
the best cellars in the city, which I will rent in  
part or the whole, or receive goods on storage.  
This is a good opportunity for butchers or market  
people.  
L. S. BECK.

### JUST FROM THE MINT!!!

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

L. S. BECK & SON, would take this method  
of notifying the citizens of Washington  
and the adjacent counties of Maryland and Vir-  
ginia, that they have commenced the house  
furnishing business in all its various branches, on  
Pennsylvania avenue, South side, between 9th and  
10th streets, where they intend keeping a constant  
supply of new and second hand goods, and prom-  
ise to sell on the most reasonable terms. We,  
therefore, solicit a call from our friends and the  
public generally, as we intend selling at a VERY  
SLIGHT PROFIT. We would enumerate in  
part the following: Ivory, Buck and Cocoa han-  
dled knives and forks; White, Black and Brown  
handled do; Carvers, Forks and Steels; Shovels,  
Tongs and Pliers; German Silver, Britannia and  
Iron, Table, Dessert and Tea Spoons; Ladles,  
Skimmers and Forks; Drip and Stove Pans; Stir-  
Rods; Tea Waiters, assorted sizes; Brass Candel-  
sticks; Britannia Tea and Coffee Pots, Writing  
Paper, Chopping Axes, Wood Saws and Bucks,  
Hatchets, Hearth, sweeping Whitewash, Dusting,  
Shoe, and Horse Brushes; Britannia and Painted  
Spittoons; Adams', Wilson's, Livingston's, and  
other Coffee Mills; Mouse Traps, Nutmeg Gra-  
ders, Japanned Candlesticks, Lamps, and Tea Cadd-  
les, Snuffers and Trays; Pad, and other Locks  
and Keys; Butcher Knives, Bread Baskets, Hand-  
saws, Hammers, &c., &c. Also, a good assort-  
ment of Holloware, Ovens, Pots, Kettles, Skil-  
lets and Griddles; Fender Shovels, and Coal  
Hods; Brass Top Fire Fenders; Scissors, Curtain  
Bands and Pins; P. M. Saucepans, Cut and  
Wrought Nails, Handirons, Sadirons, &c., &c.,  
with an assortment of Cabinet Furniture: such as  
Sideboards, Beaureaus, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads,  
and Bedding, Washstands, Baskets and Ewers, Chi-  
na, Glass, Queens, and Crochery Ware; Carpets  
and hearth Rugs; Tin ware, &c., &c.  
N. B. All manner of goods received on com-  
mission, except Alcoholic Liquors.  
Nov 29-46

WILL be opened this day at Mr. S. A. PAR-  
KER'S a few new style Evening Dresses.  
Jan 3-47 Penn. avenue, bet. 9th and 10th st.

## From the Iris and Odd Fellows' Mirror. THE WESTERN MANIAC; OR, MY LANDLORD'S MANUSCRIPT.

BY WM. R. CREEERY.

Continued.

'Well, then, the manuscript says, that af-  
ter deciding that I would go to see Miss  
Inore, I rode on, oppressed with gloomy  
thoughts; that although I believed that I  
was doing my duty, in acting as I did, yet  
reflections of home, of my beloved wife and  
child marred the peace that arose from a  
consciousness of a rectitude of motive. Ar-  
riving at my destination, I was speedily  
ushered to the bed-side of the afflicted. At  
a glance I almost felt that it would be use-  
less to attempt the resuscitation of the vital  
powers. The nervous system was too  
much prostrated to be susceptible of revival  
for any length of time. Determining to do  
all in my power to relieve the sufferer, I  
administered a stimulating drug, which ap-  
parently roused the patient to conscious-  
ness. It was, however, the returning sense  
that almost all enjoy after delirium, the fi-  
tal precursor of death. A knowledge that  
seems to be the share of the dying, that  
with consciousness they may say, 'farewell,  
dear friends, I am going home.'

Miss Inore was attended by a lovely  
young girl, her niece, who informed me  
that she had lived with her aunt from child-  
hood, was a married woman, and the mo-  
ther of a babe, that lay sleeping in a cor-  
ner of the room, which I had not perceived.  
Her husband, Mr. Morton, was absent, not  
knowing the condition of her aunt; but  
would shortly be home, as she had written  
to him.

The tender feelings of my nature were  
excited, and I felt a friendly interest in the  
young Mrs. Morton, who had so artlessly  
and confidently imparted her history to me.

'Doctor! my aunt looks very deathly,  
tell me truly,' said she, 'is she dying?'  
My knowledge of her situation convinc-  
ing me that she could not live, and that it  
would be base to deceive the young woman,  
I replied, 'as well as I can judge, she may  
survive a few hours, but the sand in her  
glass is nearly out; without a great change,  
she will not see to-morrow's light.'

This announcement she received with  
greater fortitude than I had expected to see  
in one so young; and so unaccustomed to blight-  
ed hopes, and sad intelligence.

Silently we stood gazing upon the com-  
posed countenance of the dying. No pa-  
in; no anguish portrayed themselves in dis-  
torted features or in restless tossings. Thoughts  
of my wife and child recurring to me as I  
stood at the bed-side, and being anxious,  
(as I could do no good to the afflicted), to  
take my departure, I so expressed myself to  
Mrs. Morton. Looking imploringly upon  
me, she said, 'if you can possibly remain  
with me until a change takes place, eternal  
gratitude shall be yours. I am particularly  
lonesome at this time; there being none  
but domestics in the house, and should aunt  
die, before Mr. Morton comes, I would be  
unable to do what might be necessary for her.'

Being thus entreated, what could I do.  
I could not refuse, even at the expense of  
suffering from anxiety on my own family's  
account. I consented to remain, and a  
shower of tears, warm from the heart, ex-  
pressed her sense of my kindness.

Midnight came, and my sad eyes gazed  
upon the living. About three o'clock the  
painful silence that had for hours hung over  
us, was broken by the groans of the dying.  
The crisis had come. The terrible struggle  
being made. The insatiable archer  
had stricken a shining mark, and resolu-  
tely contended for his victim. He was  
triumphant. The conflict was short and  
easy, and the light of life went out as gen-  
tly as a soft whisper. I shall not attempt  
to give expression to the sorrow of the be-  
loved niece. It is a holy passion, for  
'Jesus wept;' and a pen like mine cannot  
do it justice.

No words suffice the secret soul to show;  
For truth denies all eloquence to woe.

Yes! the grief that we feel for departed  
relatives, who can truly tell it? In some  
it is like a violent paroxysm, an uncon-  
trolled gust of woe; in others, a calmness  
that defies mockery, a very ice-berg, cold,  
desolate and drear. Each exhibition is  
genuine grief; therefore, worldling, when  
thou wouldst find fault, be silent, I con-  
jure thee! and let no harsh word escape  
thy lips, lest when thine own heart is torn,  
words like these may fall upon thine ear,  
'he sorrows not!'

As soon as in propriety I could leave the  
house, I mounted my horse and rode home-  
wards in all speed. Soon Arlington Ma-  
nor was in view and passed; and as no  
appearance of an attack by the Indians  
made themselves apparent, I hurried on,  
indulging the hope that my family had not  
been disturbed. The spot endeared by so  
many pleasing ties, was about coming in  
view. The woods concealing my house  
from sight, I was just leaving, when the  
golden brightness of the rising sun sent a  
thousand divergent rays zenithward. I

exerted the whole power of my vision to  
catch a glimpse of the hallowed object that  
contained my all in this world. My effort  
was in vain; my sight failed me; and in-  
numerable fears, intensely painful forebod-  
ings convulsed my soul. Delay was rack-  
ing torture; so I spurred my horse, and  
he galloped off with his swiftest speed.  
Nearing the spot, the truth burst upon me  
with fearful reality. Here, piled in heaps  
of blackest ruin, was the remains of my  
loved dwelling. But where! O where! is  
Mary, 'the tender wife of my heart?' I  
wildly exclaimed. What my feelings were,  
I cannot describe; for, losing my senses,  
I fell from my horse, and remained totally  
unconscious of all that was passing until  
the next morning, when I found myself in  
my brother's house.

'Here,' said my landlord, 'ends the ac-  
count of this tragical scene, as given by my  
brother himself, the morning after its occur-  
rence, when memory revived and reason  
yet was good. But my story is not yet fi-  
nished. Immediately on learning of this  
affair, we made diligent search for the body  
of his wife, supposing that she perished in  
the flames. True to our surmise, deeply  
buried in the ashes, we discovered the burnt  
and crisped body of Mrs. D. but all of our  
efforts proved vain in finding the bones of  
the child. What could have become of it,  
we could not imagine. Collecting all that  
remained of Mrs. Dalton, we carefully ar-  
ranged her for interment. A difficulty here  
arose that perplexed us greatly. Would it  
be proper to allow my brother to behold  
his consumed wife. He was yet sensible—  
but would he remain so. The matter was  
soon settled by his demanding, under all  
circumstances, to see his wife and child.  
The child we could say nothing of, but  
thought it time enough to speak of it after  
we had seen the effect that a sight of his  
wife would produce upon his mind. Con-  
ducting him to the room where she lay, I  
stood opposite him to observe the conse-  
quence. A moment he looked upon her  
composedly, and but a moment, for the fire  
of madness darted from his eyes, he rushed  
upon her corpse a raving maniac. With the  
greatest difficulty we tore him away from  
her body, and long and loudly did he call  
for Divine vengeance upon her destroyers.  
Confinement became necessary, as the com-  
plete prostration of his intellect ensued. At  
times he is calm, and appears to have some  
reason; but all hope of his perfect restora-  
tion to sense is lost. 'You now under-  
stand,' continued mine host, 'what a few  
hours ago proved a mystery, and as you  
seem interested in my brother, if you desire  
it, on the morrow in company, we will pay  
him a visit.'

'I do indeed feel concerned in this mat-  
ter,' replied I, 'and most gladly accept your  
proposal.'

'Well then,' said my landlord, 'as it is  
growing late, we will retire for the night,  
and to-morrow you shall see my brother,  
after which I will finish my story.'

Reader, mayhap you will think that I  
had a strange fancy, in wishing to behold  
an insane man! I admit that you might so  
consider it; but to me there was always  
something peculiarly interesting about  
those whom the wisdom of Heaven had de-  
prived of reason. My rest was somewhat  
disturbed, for 'balmy sleep' fell not upon  
my eyelids so long as a thought of the poor  
man whom I was about to visit, agitated  
my mind.

A cheerful 'good morning,' welcomed  
me into the breakfast room. After our re-  
past, my landlord inquired if I was of the  
mind of the previous evening? thinking,  
perhaps, that a little reflection on the sub-  
ject, might have cooled my desire to see  
the 'maniac.' I answered positively, that I  
was; and would be disappointed were I  
compelled to pursue my journey without  
seeing him.

'I am ready then, to set out with you,'  
said he.

'To set out with me,' repeated I, with  
not a little surprise, 'How far have we to  
go?'

'Not more than half a mile; and it will  
be a very pleasant walk for you,' replied he.

From the distinct manner in which I  
had heard the voice, I judged that the per-  
son crying out was in the same house with  
myself, and was somewhat disposed to  
doubt my landlord; but, remembering that  
the wind blew strongly, I gave credence  
to his assertion. An agreeable walk it  
proved; for, suddenly stopping before a  
large and beautiful stone dwelling, I was  
told that we were at our walk's end.  
Rather an inappropriate place for a maniac,  
thought I, but 'keep quiet,' whispered  
judgment, 'and you will learn more by  
observing than asking a great many ques-  
tions. Entering, for my landlord led the  
way, and appeared perfectly at home, we  
came into a commodious parlor, handsomely  
furnished, in which a young and beauti-  
ful lady, with a gentleman at her side,  
were sitting. More mystery still, thought  
I; but 'keep quiet,' again said judgment.  
A side door opened, and in came a (to my  
perspectives) rather odd genius. Almost  
off my guard, I was about to exclaim, in  
spite of my love for them, gracious Heav-

en! you don't let 'raving maniacs' loose  
out here in the West this way—when, my  
landlord advancing, begged leave to intro-  
duce a friend. A lively chit chat with the  
young folks was soon set up; but, for the  
life of me, I could not help throwing one  
eye here, and the other on that 'queer old  
fellow' in the corner, who never said a  
word. Maniac or not, said I to myself, I'll  
watch him. He might slip around here  
and 'crack my pate,' before I knew that  
he was coming. After a while 'my land-  
lord' got up, and going over into the cor-  
ner, I saw first the head of the 'queer old  
fellow' bob one way, and then 'my land-  
lord's' another. Worse and worse, mut-  
tered I, still watching them. So much for  
wishing to see a maniac. Never mind,  
'I'll stick it out,' if I have to jump out  
of the window, I quietly said.

To be continued.

## PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE, Gettysburg,

Pennsylvania.

FACULTY AND INSTRUCTORS.

Rev. C. P. KRAUTH, D. D., President and Pro-  
fessor of Moral Science.

Rev. H. S. BAUGHER, A. M., Professor of Greek  
and Rhetoric.

Rev. M. JACOBS, A. M., Professor of Natural Phi-  
losophy, Chemistry, &c.

Rev. W. M. REYNOLDS, A. M., Professor of Latin,  
Mental Philosophy, &c.

M. L. STOEYER, A. M., Professor of History and  
Principal of Preparatory Department.

Rev. C. A. HAY, A. M., Professor of German  
Language and Literature.

HERMAN HAUPT, A. M., Professor of Mathematics.  
WM. HENRY HARRISON, A. B., Assistant Professor  
of Languages.

DAVID GILBERT, M. D., Lecturer on Anatomy and  
Physiology.

Rev. J. G. MORRIS, D. D., Lecturer on Zoology.  
WM. ALBAUGH, A. M., Tutor and Teacher in Pre-  
paratory Department.

H. R. GEIGER, Teacher of Writing.

The course of studies in Pennsylvania College  
is as extensive and substantial as that of any in-  
stitution in the country. The Preparatory De-  
partment provides for instruction in all the branches  
of a thorough English business education, in addi-  
tion to the Elements of the Mathematics and Clas-  
sical Literature. The College course is arranged  
in the four classes under the institutions of this  
country.

The government of the students is a energetic  
as their circumstances seem to require. They at-  
tend at least two recitations a day, and the Faculty  
contemplate increasing them to three, Church  
and Bible Class on the Sabbath, and are visited in  
their rooms so frequently as to preclude the dan-  
ger of any great irregularities. It is believed no  
institution in the United States has more exem-  
plary young men in connexion with it. They are  
all required to lodge in the College edifice, special  
cases excepted.

The annual expenses are—for board, tuition  
and room rent, during the winter session \$61 87 1-2; for  
the summer session, \$41 87 1-2; washing, \$10; wood,  
\$3 00. Total expense, \$116 75. Boarding can be  
had in town at \$1 25 per week.

There are two vacations in the year, commencing  
on the third Thursdays of April and Septem-  
ber; each of five weeks continuance.

The summer session will commence on Thurs-  
day, the 22d of May. The annual commencement  
takes place on the third Thursday in September.

The Trustees have recently made various ar-  
rangements which will increase the efficiency of  
the Institution. They have increased the number  
of Professors and provided for the most ample in-  
struction of the students.

Professor Baugher and Haupt are prepared to  
board boys and to exercise a special supervision  
over their studies and deportment, and Parents who  
may prefer placing their sons under their care,  
will be secure in regard to their proper manage-  
ment, under arrangements such as pertain to the  
family circle.

Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., May 3, 1845. nov 6-4f

## BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.



TRANSPORTATION OFFICE.

WASHINGTON, NOVEMBER 13, 1845.

NOTICE.—In pursuance of an order of the Pres-  
ident and Directors of this Company, notice  
is hereby given that no money except such as is  
bankable in this city, will hereafter be received in  
payment of freights accruing from the transpor-  
tation of produce or merchandise on this road.

By order, SAM'L STETTINIUS, Agent.

nov 27-4f

## CHEAP DRY GOODS,

AND BOOTS & SHOES. The subscribers  
respectfully return thanks to their custom-  
ers for the liberal patronage which they have re-  
ceived, and at the close of the season would offer  
a good assortment of dry goods, consisting, in part,  
as follows:—Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Ken-  
tucky Jeans and Vestings, Mouslin delains, Alpa-  
cas, French, Florentines, and calicoes of every  
price and quality. Flannels, white, red, yellow  
and green, plain and twilled, at very low prices.  
Canton Flannels, brown and bleached, Sheetings  
and Shirtings, cotton and woollen Linseys, very  
superior, and at low prices. Blankets from \$2 50 to  
\$6 50 per pair, of very superior quality, together  
with a complete assortment of Hose, half hose,  
Comforts, Scarfs, Gloves & Handkerchiefs, which  
will be sold very low to close the stock for the  
season. We have also a good assortment of

### BOOTS AND SHOES,

consisting in part as follows, Men's calf and mo-  
rocco dress Boots, calf, kip, and wax leather boots  
for the season, Men's calf, kip, and other brogans.  
Ladies gaiters, half gaiters, and buskin ties, Ladies  
morocco, kid and leather buskins, Boys' boots and  
brogans, Misses boots, buskins, ties and slippers,  
together with a complete assortment of Children's  
and Servant's shoes, which will be sold on very  
reasonable terms. R. L. SMALLWOOD & CO.

Between 9th and 10th sts., Penn. Avenue.  
N. B. We have some men's boots for servants,  
a little out of style, which will be sold at \$1 50 per  
pair, as well as women's and children's, which our  
customers will do well to examine, for we are de-  
termined the price shall suit. R. L. S. & CO.

## TUSTON ON THE COMMUNION.

A FEW copies of this beautiful little volume  
(the remnant of a large edition) may be had at  
Morrison's and at Farnham's book-stores, also at  
the Capitol or from the Author, the Chaplain of the  
Senate. It is spoken of in terms of high commenda-  
tion by the religious and political press. Price  
50 cents. feb 7-4f

## HUNT'S MERCHANTS' MAGAZINE,

AND  
COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

BY FREEMAN HUNT, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.  
Published monthly, at 142 Fulton street, New York,  
at Five Dollars per annum, in advance.

The Merchants' Magazine and Commercial Re-  
view, embraces every subject connected with Com-  
merce, Manufactures and Political Economy, as  
follows: Commercial Legislation; Commercial His-  
tory and Geography; Mercantile Biography; De-  
scriptive, Statistical and Historical Accounts of the  
various commodities which form the subject of  
mercantile transactions; Port Charges; Tariffs;  
Customs and Excise Regulations; Commercial Sta-  
tistics of the United States and the different coun-  
tries of the world, with which we have intercourse,  
including their Physical Character, Population, Pro-  
ductions, Exports, Imports, Seaports, Monies,  
Weights, Measures, Finance and Banking Associa-  
tions, and Enterprises connected with Commerce,  
embracing Fisheries, Incorporated Companies, Rail-  
roads, Canals, Steamboats, Docks, Post Offices, &c.;  
Principles of Commerce, Finance and Bank-  
ing, with Practical and Historical Details and Il-  
lustrations; Commercial Law, and Mercantile Law  
Reports and Decisions of Courts in the United  
States and Europe, including Insurance, Partner-  
ship, Principal and Agent, Bills of Exchange, Sale,  
Guaranty, Bankruptcy, Shipping and Navigation,  
&c., and whatever else shall tend to develop the  
resources of the country and the world, and illu-  
strate the various topics bearing upon Commerce and  
Commercial Literature.

It has been, and will continue to be, the aim of  
the Editor and Proprietor of the Merchants' Ma-  
gazine, to avoid everything of a party, political, or  
sectional bias or bearing, in the conduct of the  
work—opening its pages to the free and fair dis-  
cussion of antagonistic doctrines connected with  
the great interests of Commerce, Agriculture,  
Manufactures and the Currency.

Complete sets of the Merchants' Magazine,  
embracing 12 semi-annual volumes, of about 600  
large octavo pages each, being obtained at down to June,  
1844, inclusive, may be procured at the Publisher's  
Office, 142 Fulton street, New York, at the sub-  
scription price.

Publishers of newspapers in the United  
States, by giving this advertisement two or three  
insertions, and remitting Two Dollars to the Pro-  
prietor, will be entitled to the Magazine for one  
year.

Office of Merchants' Magazine, August 1, 1845.  
dec 18-

## JOHN CONNELLY.

CHEAP CABINET, SOFA, AND CHAIR MAN  
UFACTURER AND UNDERTAKER.

Seventh st. between H and I sts. Washington City.  
He informs his friends and the public, that he is  
prepared to execute all orders in the above busi-  
ness, with which he may be favored. He hopes to  
receive a liberal share of public patronage.

N. B.—Funerals attended to at the shortest no-  
tice, and on the most reasonable terms, warranted  
to give satisfaction. Nov. 4-4f

## WAR! WAR!! WAR!!!

THE WAR OF FOUR THOUSAND YEARS;  
Being a Connected History of the Various  
Efforts Made to Suppress the Vice of In-  
temperance in all Ages of the World;  
from the Foundation of the Class of Naz-  
arites, by Moses, to the Institution of the  
Order of the Sons of Temperance, inclu-  
sive; with a Full Account of the Origin,  
Progress, and Present Prospects of the  
 Latter Institution. By P. S. Griffin & H.  
R. Pleasants. Philadelphia: Griffin and  
Simon, 114 North Third-street. 1846.

Contents.—Book I, Chapter I, Division  
of the Work; Chapter II, Wines of An-  
tiquity; Chapter III, Wine an Agricultural  
Product; Chapter IV, Wine, when spoken  
of as a Blessing in the Old Testament;  
Chapter V, Wine, when spoken of as a  
Blessing in the New Testament; Chapter  
VI, Wine Denounced as a Curse in the Old  
Testament; Chapter VII, Wine Denounced  
in the New Testament; Book II, Chapter  
I, Temperance among the Heathens; Chap-  
ter II, Rome; Book III, Chapter I, Imperial  
Rome; Chapter II, Transalpine Nations;  
Chapter III, The Discovery of Alcohol;  
Chapter IV, Ardent Spirits; Chapter V, In-  
temperance in Connection with the Church;  
Chapter VI, Efforts to Suppress Intemper-  
ance from the Apostles to the year 1800;  
Book IV, Chapter I, Origin and Progress of  
Temperance Societies down to the year  
1833; Chapter II, From 1833 to the end of  
1834; Chapter III, Includes the Years 1835  
and 1836; Chapter IV, Includes 1837 and  
1838; Chapter V, Includes 1839; Chapter  
VI, The Washingtonian Movement; Chap-  
ter VII, Sons of Temperance, Conclusion;  
Appendix, No. 1, Extracts from Columella;  
Appendix, No. 2, Noah's Letter, &c.

We cordially recommend the above wor-  
to the temperance public.

GEORGE W. CLARKE, COFFIN MAKER  
AND GENERAL FURNISHING UNDER-  
TAKER, corner of Virginia avenue L and 9th street,  
near the Navy Yard Gate.—Thankful for the liberal  
patronage with which he has already been favored,  
he respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

Always on hand, ready for use, Pine, Cherry,  
Walnut, Poplar, and Mahogany, which he manu-  
factures into Coffins at the shortest notice, and on  
the most reasonable terms.

Hearse and carriages furnished at the shortest  
notice. All orders thankfully received and prompt-  
ly attended to at all hours, if left at the above place,  
or at his residence, second door from the corner,  
of L street.

N. B.—Carpenters work in all its branches done  
on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest  
notice.

Old Furniture repaired and varnished, and made  
look equal to new. dec 18-4m

## BEERS' TEMPERANCE HOTEL,

Third street, north of Pennsylvania Ave-  
nue and near the Railroad Depot.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Prices to suit the times.

Nov. 4-4f